WHAT DOES THE CJL ANALYZE?

Jihadi/Terrorist Sites & ISPs
Jihadi Tech and Military Monitor analyzes first-tier ISIS military- and technology-related message boards.

TV FOOTAGE FROM ARAB, SOUTH ASIA, IRAN TV & JIHADI WEBSITES
"We will not stop hacking your websites ... We are the new era. Be ready for the war." Anonymous Islamic Army Hackers

WHAT DOES THE CJL ANALYZE?

JIHAD/TERRORIST GROUPS ON U.S. SOCIAL MEDIA

HACKING GROUPS FROM THE MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH ASIA

FATWAS ON HACKING
"If you want to destroy it, and have the ability to do so, it's okay … because it is an evil website."
Saud Grand Mufti Sheikh Abd Al-Jabbar Al-Shaikh

IRAN CYBER INITIATIVE
Farsi-language Iranian government cyber initiatives against the West.

MEMRI IS THE ONLY ORGANIZATION DOING THIS VITAL WORK

ABOUT THE MEMRI CYBER & JIHAD LAB (CJL)

The CJL monitors, tracks, translates, and researches cyber jihad originating from the Middle East, Iran, South Asia, and North and West Africa.

The CJL translates information from Arabic, Farsi, Urdu, Pashto, Dari, and other languages into English and produces detailed analyses.

The CJL innovates and experiments with possible solutions for stopping cyber jihad.

MEMRI IS THE ONLY ORGANIZATION DOING THIS VITAL WORK

LAB.OR.A.TO.RY
"A place equipped for experimental study in a science or for testing and analysis"
— MERRIAM-WEBSTER

TRANSLATING:
ARABIC
URDU
TURKISH
DARI
FASSI
PASHTU
RUSSIAN

THE CJL TRANSLATES INFORMATION FROM:

IRAN
JIHADI/TERRORIST GROUPS
ON U.S. SOCIAL MEDIA

THE CJL IS THE ONLY ORGANIZATION DOING THIS VITAL WORK

CONTENT ANALYSIS:

The Internet Archive is a San Francisco-based nonprofit digital library with the stated mission of "universal access to all knowledge." It provides five public access to collections of digitized materials, including web sites, software applications/games, music, movies/videos, moving images and nearly three million public-domain books. As of May 2014, its collection topped 15 petabytes. In addition to its archiving function, the Archive is an activist organization, advocating for a free and open Internet.

THE CJL USES THE INTERNET ARCHIVE (archive.org) AND ITS ARCHIVING FUNCTION TO RARE MYSTERY WEBSITES AND OTHER JIHADIS, AS A PLATFORM USED DAILY FOR DISSEMINATING VIDEOS.

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HOW THE CJL CRAFTS SOLUTIONS FOR COMBATING CYBER JIHAD

INITIATIVES
Companies and individuals concerned about cyber jihad researching and innovating projects in their areas of expertise.

LEGISLATURE
Advancing legislation and initiatives federally and on the state level — including Capitol Hill and attorneys-general — to draft and enforce measures that will serve as precedents for further action.

ASK FORCE
Bringing together and working with leaders in business, law enforcement, academia, and families of terror victims.

TECHNOLOGY
Recruiting and working with technology industry leaders to craft and support efforts and solutions to combat cyber jihad.

EDUCATION
Working to increase awareness and cultivate in-depth understanding of the problem so that appropriate solutions can be crafted.

BUILDING A COMMUNITY
Fostering involvement among all those concerned about the issue and enlisting their help in a global effort to inform politicians, media, academia, the business community, and others on the issue.

TIMELINE OF RESULTS

DEC 2009:
Facebook announces partnership with MEMRI to help it remove terrorist content

MAY 2010:
Following seminal report including information on jihadis on Adb tm, company takes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

JUNE 2010:
Following report on terrorist use of social media

JAN 2011:
Following reports on Hizbullah apps, iTunes and Google Play remove them, company adds feature for flagging jihad-related videos

MAY 2011:
Following report on “Blind Sheikh” Omar Abdul Al-Rahman’s website, website is shut down

JUNE 2011:
Following report on Hamas’ military wing Al-Qassam Brigades on Twitter, Twitter shuts down its account

JUL 2012:
Following report on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

JAN 2013:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company begins removing jihadi-related accounts

DEC 2013:
Following reports on Hezbollah apps, iTunes and Google Play remove them, Facebook shuts down Hezbollah accounts

DEC 2014:
Following meetings with Google about jihad videos on YouTube, company adds filters for flagging jihadi-related videos

DEC 2015:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2016:
Following seminal report including information on jihadis on Adb tm, company takes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2017:
Following reports on online activity of extremist Yom Kippur terror victims

DEC 2018:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2019:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2020:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2021:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2022:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform

DEC 2023:
Following reports on jihadi activity on Twitter, company creates advisory board to examine jihadis on Ask.fm, company removes advisory board to examine jihad recruiting on its platform
WE HAVE TO BE HONEST WITH OURSELVES. TERRORIST GROUPS LIKE AL-QAEDA AND ISIL DELIBERATELY TARGET THEIR PROPAGANDA IN THE HOPES OF REACHING AND BRAINWASHING YOUNG MUSLIMS... THE HIGH-QUALITY VIDEOS, THE ONLINE MAGAZINES, THE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA, TERRORIST TWITTER ACCOUNTS - IT’S ALL DESIGNED TO TARGET TODAY’S YOUNG PEOPLE ONLINE, IN CYBERSPACE.”

PRESIDENT BARACK OBAMA, WHITE HOUSE-SPONSORED COUNTERING VIOLENT EXTREMISM CONFERENCE, FEBRUARY 18, 2015

“FOR THOSE WHO DO NOT KNOW HOW TO COMMIT JIHAD, THEY SHOULD UNDERSTAND THAT THERE ARE SEVERAL WAYS OF COMMITTING JIHAD... THIS IS NOT THE STONE AGE... THIS IS THE INTERNET ERA, THERE IS FACEBOOK, TWITTER AND OTHERS.”

UMAR PATEK, INDONESIAN MILITANT AND MASTERMIND OF THE BALI BOMBING, JUNE 2012

CJLAB.MEMRI.ORG